Multistate Outbreak of Drug-Resistant *Salmonella* Enteritidis Infections Linked to Raw, Frozen, Stuffed Chicken Entrees Produced by Barber Foods (Final Update)

Posted October 16, 2015 11:30 AM ET

This outbreak appears to be over. However, the recalled frozen chicken products have a long shelf life and may still be in people’s freezers. Consumers unaware of the recall could continue to eat the products and potentially get sick. Read the Advice to Consumers.

This outbreak was not connected with an outbreak of *Salmonella* Enteritidis infections linked to raw, frozen, stuffed chicken entrees produced by Aspen Foods and sold under many different brands.

**Highlights**

- This outbreak appears to be over. However, the recalled raw, frozen, stuffed and breaded chicken products have a long shelf life and may still be in people’s freezers. Consumers unaware of the recall could continue to eat the products and potentially get sick.
- CDC, several states, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture’s Food Safety and Inspection Service (USDA-FSIS) investigated an outbreak of *Salmonella* Enteritidis infections linked to raw, frozen, stuffed and breaded chicken entrees produced by Barber Foods.
  - Fifteen people infected with the outbreak strains of *Salmonella* Enteritidis were reported from seven states. Four ill people were hospitalized. No deaths were reported.
- CDC’s National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System (NARMS) laboratory conducted antibiotic resistance testing on clinical isolates collected from four ill people infected with the outbreak strains.
  - All four (100%) isolates tested were resistant to ampicillin and tetracycline.
  - Antibiotic resistance may be associated with increased risk of hospitalization, development of a bloodstream infection, or treatment failure in patients.
- Recalls of several brands of frozen, raw, stuffed and breaded chicken entrees produced by Barber Foods were announced as a result of this investigation.

On July 13, 2015, Omaha Steaks issued a recall (http://www.omahasteaks.com/press/Omaha-Steaks-Announces-Recall-of-Stuffed-Chicken-Breasts-188) of stuffed chicken breast entrees that may be contaminated with *Salmonella*.

A full list of recalled products and photos are available on the Advice to Consumers page.

- Consumers should check their freezers for any of the recalled frozen chicken products and should not eat them. Retailers should not sell them and restaurants should not serve them.

### Outbreak Summary

#### Introduction

CDC, several states, and the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Food Safety and Inspection Service (USDA-FSIS) investigated an outbreak of *Salmonella* Enteritidis infections linked to raw, frozen, stuffed and breaded chicken entrees produced by Barber Foods. This outbreak was not connected with an outbreak of *Salmonella* Enteritidis infections linked to raw, frozen, stuffed chicken entrees produced by Aspen Foods.

Public health investigators used the PulseNet system to identify illnesses that were part of this outbreak. PulseNet is the national subtyping network of public health and food regulatory agency laboratories coordinated by CDC. DNA “fingerprinting” is performed on *Salmonella* bacteria isolated from ill people using techniques called pulsed-field gel electrophoresis (PFGE) and whole genome sequencing (WGS). WGS gives a more detailed DNA fingerprint than PFGE. PulseNet manages a national database of these DNA fingerprints to identify possible outbreaks of enteric illness. Two DNA fingerprints (outbreak strains) of *Salmonella* Enteritidis, shown to be closely related genetically, were involved in this outbreak.

A total of 15 people infected with the outbreak strains of *Salmonella* Enteritidis were reported from seven states. The number of ill people reported from each state was as follows: Connecticut (1), Illinois (2), Minnesota (8), New Hampshire (1), New York (1), Oklahoma (1), and Wisconsin (1).
Illness onset dates ranged from April 5, 2015 to July 27, 2015. Ill people ranged in age from 4 years to 82, with a median age of 32, and 60% were female. Among 10 people with available information, 4 (40%) were hospitalized. No deaths were reported.

Investigation of the Outbreak

Epidemiologic, laboratory, and traceback information indicated that raw, frozen, stuffed and breaded chicken entrees produced by Barber Foods was the likely source of this outbreak.

In interviews, ill people answered questions about foods eaten and other exposures in the week before they became ill. Of 10 people for whom information was known, 9 (90%) reported eating a frozen, raw, stuffed and breaded chicken entree produced by Barber Foods in the week before becoming ill.

The Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) and Department of Agriculture (MDA) collected 15 samples of unopened frozen chicken entrees produced by Barber Foods from retail locations for laboratory testing. MDA isolated Salmonella from 14 of these samples; an outbreak strain was isolated from one sample. In addition, MDH and MDA collected four samples of unopened Barber Foods chicken Kiev from two ill persons' homes for laboratory testing. MDA and MDH isolated a Salmonella outbreak strain from three of these samples which were collected from both households.

As a result of the outbreak investigation, on July 2, 2015, Barber Foods recalled (http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/portal/fsis/topics/recalls-and-public-health-alerts/recall-case-archive/archive/2015/recall-096-2015-release) approximately 58,320 pounds of Chicken Kiev because it may be contaminated with Salmonella Enteritidis. The product subject to recall included a 2 lb, 4 oz. box containing six individually pouched pieces of "Barber Foods Premium Entrees Breaded-Boneless Raw Stuffed Chicken Breasts with Rib Meat Kiev" with use by/sell by dates of April 28, 2016, May 20, 2016, and July 21, 2016. The product was available for purchase at Sam’s Club retail stores in Illinois, Minnesota, and Wisconsin.

On July 12, 2015, Barber Foods expanded its recall (http://www.fsis.usda.gov/wps/portal/fsis/home!/ut/p/a1/04_Sj9CPykssv0xPLMnMz0vMAfGizOINAq3MDC2dDbwsfDxDz9AtyMgnyMDf3x1dmy&page=gov.usda.fsis.internet.newsroom&uri=wcs%3apath%3a%2FFSIS-Content%2Finternet%2Fmain%2Ftopics%2Frecalls-and-public-health-alerts%2Frecall-case-archive%2Farchive%2F2015%2Frecall-096-2015-release) to include 1.7 million pounds of frozen, raw stuffed chicken products that may be contaminated with Salmonella Enteritidis. The recall included Chicken Kiev as well as other types of frozen chicken products. The chicken products were produced between February 17, 2015 and May 20,
2015. The products subject to recall bear the establishment number “P-276” inside the USDA mark of inspection. The products were shipped to retail locations nationwide and Canada and sold under many different brand names.

On July 13, 2015, Omaha Steaks announced a recall (http://www.omahasteaks.com/press/Omaha-Steaks-Announces-Recall-of-Stuffed-Chicken-Breasts-188) of stuffed chicken breast products manufactured by Barber Foods that may be contaminated with *Salmonella*. A small amount of the product was sold under the Omaha Steaks label and bears the establishment number “P-4230A” inside the USDA mark of inspection.

The National Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System (http://www.fda.gov/AnimalVeterinary/SafetyHealth/AntimicrobialResistance/NationalAntimicrobialResistanceMonitoringSystem) is a U.S. public health surveillance system that tracks antibiotic resistance in foodborne and other enteric bacteria found in people, raw meat and poultry, and food-producing animals. NARMS is a partnership among the CDC, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), USDA, and state and local health departments.

The NARMS human surveillance program at CDC monitors antibiotic resistance in *Salmonella* and other bacteria isolated from clinical specimens submitted to NARMS by public health laboratories. CDC's NARMS laboratory conducted antibiotic resistance testing on clinical isolates collected from four ill people infected with the outbreak strains. Of the four isolates tested, all (100%) were resistant to ampicillin and tetracycline. Antibiotic resistance may be associated with increased risk of hospitalization, development of a bloodstream infection, or treatment failure in patients.

This outbreak appears to be over. However, the recalled raw, frozen, stuffed and breaded chicken products have a long shelf life and may still be in people’s freezers. Consumers unaware of the recall could continue to eat the products and potentially get sick.

**October 16, 2015**

**Final Case Count Update**

Since the last update on July 29, 2015, six more ill people were reported from five states.

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Illness onset dates ranged from April 5, 2015 to July 27, 2015. Ill people ranged in age from 4 years to 82, with a median age of 32, and 60% were female. Among 10 people with available information, 4 (40%) were hospitalized, and no deaths were reported.

- July 29, 2015
- July 16, 2015
- July 13, 2015
- Initial Announcement

At A Glance

- Case Count: 15
- States: 7
- Deaths: 0
- Hospitalizations: 4
- Recall: Yes
THE RAW STORY

Some frozen chicken entrees look like they’re cooked—but they’re not!

Handle raw frozen chicken—including frozen meals, entrees, and appetizers—the same way you handle raw fresh chicken to prevent foodborne illness:

1. This product contains RAW chicken.
   Read the package carefully.

2. Follow cooking instructions exactly as written.

3. Use a food thermometer to check doneness (165°F for chicken).

4. Clean and disinfect any surfaces and utensils that touched the raw product.

5. Wash your hands with soap and water after handling the raw product.

Learn more: www.cdc.gov/foodsafety/prevention

Click for larger view   [PDF - 1 page].
CLICK TO VIEW CASE COUNT MAP

More Information

- Recall & Advice to Consumers
- Signs & Symptoms
- Key Resources

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